Reasonable Accommodation as a Gateway to the Right to Work: Comparative Perspectives Dr. Delia Ferri

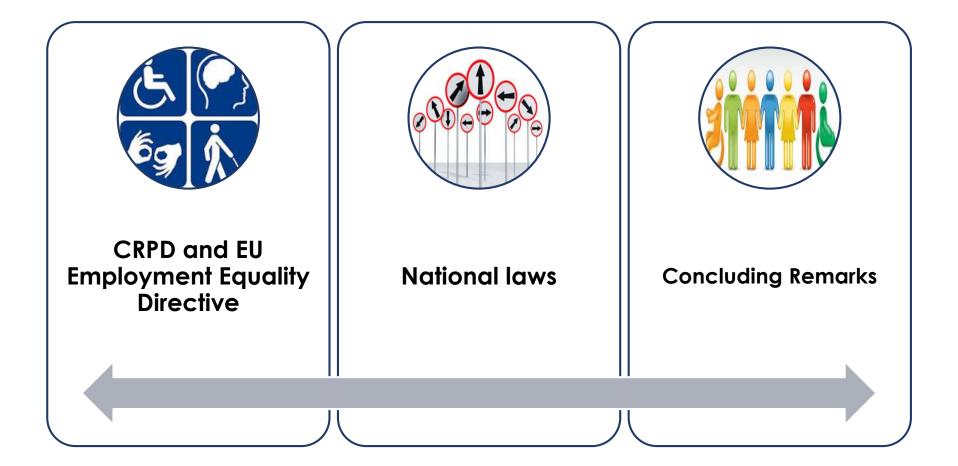
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Reasonable Accommodation as a Gateway to the Right to Work





CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES



Art. 2 CRPD

""Reasonable accommodation" means necessary and appropriate modification and adjustments **not** imposing a disproportionate or undue burden, where needed in a particular case, to ensure to persons with disabilities the enjoyment or exercise on an equal basis with others of all human rights and fundamental freedoms"

Art. 27 CRPD



State Parties must ensure that reasonable accommodation is provided to persons with disabilities in the workplace" (Art. 27(1)(i) CRPD)

Reasonable Accommodation

Reasonable accommodation is unequivocally incorporated into the nondiscrimination principle



Reasonable Accommodation

Extend to all people with disabilities

Individualoriented nature of the duty



General Comment N. 4 (26 August 2016)

""Reasonableness" is understood as the result of a contextual test that involves an analysis of the relevance and the effectiveness of the accommodation, and the expected goal of countering discrimination. The availability of resources and financial implications is recognized when assessing disproportionate burden".

DISPROPORTIONATE BURDEN

In Jungelin v Sweden (Communication No. 5/2011), the CRPD Committee stated that States Parties enjoy a margin of appreciation when assessing the reasonableness and proportionality of accommodation measures



THE EMPLOYMENT EQUALITY DIRECTIVE (DIR. 2000/78)

Art. 5

"In order to guarantee compliance with the **principle** of equal treatment in relation to persons with disabilities, reasonable accommodation shall be provided. This means that employers shall take appropriate measures, where needed in a particular case, to enable a person with a disability to have access to, participate in, or advance in employment, or to provide training for such a person, unless such measures would impose a disproportionate burden on the employer. When this burden is, to a sufficient extent, remedied by existing measures as an element of disability policy in the Member State, it should not be considered disproportionate"

Personal scope

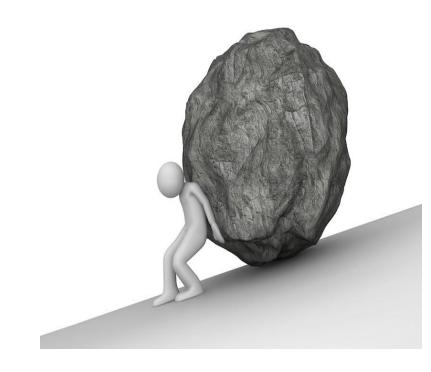
"...the concept of 'disability' within the meaning of Directive 2000/78 must be understood as referring to a limitation which results in particular from long-term physical, mental or psychological impairments which, in interaction with various barriers, may hinder the full and effective participation of the person concerned in professional life on an equal basis with other workers (HK Danmark, C-335/11 and C-337/11)"

Recital 20





Disproportionate Burden



► costs

 scale and financial resources of the undertaking

 possibility of obtaining public funding Reasonable Accommodation in National Laws

Reasonable accommodation



Reasonable Accommodation in National Laws

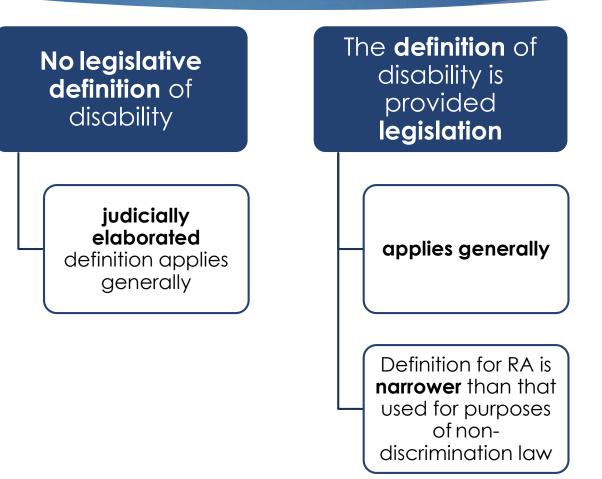


Exceptions for Military Services

Only the UK, Greece and Cyprus have entered reservations against Article 27 CRPD in respect of the armed forces.

Armed forces exemptions in the other countries are inconsistent with the obligations of those countries as States Parties to the CRPD.

Personal scope



Concerns

Medical model oriented definitions of disability

Narrower definition of disability for the purpose of RA

Reasonable Accommodation













Disproportionate Burden

- Costs of the accommodation
- Subsidies available to cover those costs
- ✓ Other Factors
 - ✓ activities of the undertaking,
 - the benefit that the disabled person receives,
 - ✓ the benefit that others receive

Duty to Consult the Disabled Worker

No explicit legislative provisions

Scant case law BEST PRACTICES

Classification and Remedies





Remedies

Financial compensation

Compensation, and/or order the employer to adopt or implement a certain accommodation

Administrative sanctions

Some conclusions

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Ambiguities

Best Practices Importance of Awareness Raising

Thank you for your attention

DR. DELIA FERRI

<u>Delia.ferri@nuim.ie</u>